

Precious offering

But not about Article 370 of India's Constitution and its abrogation, not about the restoration of statehood to the Union territory, or the granting of that status to Ladakh. Nor is it per se about the persistent and vicious threat of terrorism that wants to make a hell of that 'heaven on earth'. It is about a small vignette of the Valley I got, of all places, in the departure lounge of toxic Delhi airport's terminal-two. To take a flight out from T2, masked against the miasma, I entered the departure lounge only to come to a dead halt at its entrance. The place was full. By which I mean it had virtually no seat left for anyone to take. On a good many of them 'sat' passengers' hand luggage, conferring on those smug bags the status enjoyed by the passengers themselves. Moving hesitantly to the nearest such seat, I noticed that next to it sat a cheerful, middle-aged gentleman with a flowing beard matched by flowing clothes. I must be brutally honest here. Sufficiently conditioned by the fears and prejudices of our time, I hesitated, imagining an Osama bin Laden or one of his type there. Is it okay to engage with him? But my need to sit down being insistent, I rationalised, 'Fie, you suspecting little oaf... He is a passenger just like I am...' and, swallowing all hesitation, asked him if the bag could be moved. "Zaroor, janaab" (Of course, Sir), he said, moving the bag readily to his lap. Sitting down, a little abashed at my fears, on the vacated seat, I noticed he was part of a family or group of three comprising two tall gentlemen in flowing clothes, perhaps brothers, and a lady who was perhaps the wife of the older of the two. She was dressed in a very delicately tailored pale green outfit of the kind many Muslim women wear but with her face of uncommon grace wholly uncovered. A minute into my becoming the gentlemen's 'neighbour', he asked me, "Aap kahaan se hein?" (Where do you hail from?) Giving the answer (Chennai), I reflected on the elegance of that question. He had not asked, 'Aap kahaan ke hein?' (Where are you from?), or 'Aap kahaan rehte hein?' (Where do you live?) He had asked an all-too-common a question in none-too-common a form. I returned the question with "Aur aap, janaab... aap kahaan se hein?" (And, Sir, you... where do you hail from?) When he said, "Kashmir", another set of caddish thoughts ran through my mind: could they be linked to terr... No... how idiotic of me... why should I assume...? I do not exactly know why but something in me made me do a namaskar and say to myself, 'Stay safe, you good people, may no terrorist stalk you, no soldier have cause to suspect you...' Then the gentleman said, entirely on his own, elaborating his answer: "Makkaa se laut raehein hein... Yahaan plane badal ke vaapis Srinagar jaa raehein hein" (We are returning from Mecca, changing planes here and going back to Srinagar). And, digging into the bag he had moved from the seat to his lap, he took out a small, wrinkled, round something and, placing it before me, asked, "Aap khajur khaiyegaa?" (Would you care for a date?) Every manner of elitist hesitation raced through my Listerine-washed mind. He had pulled the khajur out of a much-travelled bag with his bare fingers, which had handled trolleys, travel documents, identity cards, mobile phone... Is the khajur safe enough to be put into my mouth? He continued: "Liijiyejaa, Medina se hai..." (Do try one, it is from Medina). With this, I was overwhelmed. Not just by the gesture of pure friendliness but the language. The "gaa" in his "khaiyegaa" and "liijiyejaa" had gone home with me, reminding me of something my maternal grandfather, whose mother tongue was Tamil but who appreciated Hindustani's nuances, had said to me: "If someone says 'Aaiye' (come), he says 'come', but when someone says 'Aaiyegaa', he is saying 'please, do come', showing breeding, culture. There is no English equivalent to 'gaa'." My next-seat neighbour had offered the khajur from the fullness of his generous heart and the aristocracy of his wide and deep culture. Chiding myself for my absurd suspicions and hesitancy, I extended both my palms and received the khajur with, "Shukriya, yeh toh prasad hai" (Thank you, this is a holy offering from a place of worship). He did not pay much attention to what I said and would not have, I think, understood 'prasad'.

Alternative reality

I am far from being the only one who has had problems with the shipping containers of post-modern theory that got dumped on our shores between the 1950s and the 1980s. A lot of it was useful no doubt, exciting even, opening up as it did new ways of thinking and looking at the world. From Barthes we learnt to interrogate language and signs in a way never done before; from Lacan we learnt to complicate an already problematic (for us, South Asians, among many others) Freud; from Derrida we understood that we must always take apart hitherto blindly-accepted philosophical ideas, to deconstruct them and see if they could be put back together in the same shape and function; from Foucault we learnt to look at the circuitry of power as being partly controlled by the faulty, erratic switches of knowledge. One of the most interesting people from this unruly stable of Francocrat, thinker-thoroughbreds was Jean Baudrillard. Whereas it was easy to become irritated by the Occidocentric blinders of so many of his biradari, Baudrillard's ideas of Simulation and Simulacra, his take on the effects of mass media, his contention that history had ended (by which he meant the disintegration of a way that a lot of the world used to look at the past) and why this was not such a great thing (as proclaimed by people like Francis Fukuyama) all seemed to speak directly to the lived experience of us, desis, as we traversed the rocky terrain of the late 20th and the early 21st centuries. Perhaps it is useful to look at the disaster of Lionel Messi's visit to Calcutta last Saturday by keeping some of the Baudrillardian notions within

touching distance. But first, a little non-Baudrillardian history — the Messi Fiasco (as it may one day be called) is hardly the first time crowds and sporting events have combusted in our city. In fact, as Calcuttans, we wear the memories of the various flare-ups at sporting venues like soldiers wear campaign badges. There might have been other such incidents earlier, but the first one, the ur-riot so to speak, was, of course, at the Eden Gardens on New Year's day 1967, during a Test match against the West Indies (picture). The organisers had oversold the tickets (reportedly 80,000 for around 59,000 places). Unsurprisingly, the ticket-holders wanted to come in and occupy seats, including the temporary bamboo stands, except that there were no seats to be had. Riots, arson and mayhem ensued as another sporting 'GOAT', Gary Sobers, and his team managed to escape from the stadium.

"Nato calls me daddy," Donald Trump said during Politico's podcast The Conversation on December 8. However, "they [Nato] talk, but they don't produce. And the war [in Ukraine] keeps going on and on", Trump said in the Ukraine War context while referring to Nato secretary general Mark Rutte calling him the military bloc's "daddy" at The Hague summit in June. At a bilateral meeting with Trump at The Hague, Rutte said that "daddy has to sometimes use strong language to get them to stop" after an angry Trump compared Israel and Iran, attacking each other, to "two kids in a schoolyard". Later, Rutte clarified that he used the word "daddy" metaphorically to describe the relationship between the US and Europe. "I didn't call him 'daddy'. In Europe, I sometimes hear countries saying, 'Hey, Mark, will the US stay with us?' And I said that sounds a little bit like a small child asking his daddy, 'Hey, are you still staying with the family?'" Rutte told Reuters. "So in that sense, I used 'daddy not that I was calling President Trump 'daddy.'"

Affectionately, humorously or metaphorically—Rutte's statement was profound for it perfectly described the relationship between the US and other Nato member nations.

The US is the most powerful Nato member, militarily and economically, and leads the bloc. American firepower, its lethality and global reach are unmatched and other Nato member states depend on US leadership and support in crises. If Nato's Article 5—"an armed attack against one or more of them in Europe or North America shall be considered an attack against them all"—other members will look up to the US to lead and neutralise the attacker(s). Article 5 has been triggered only once—after 9/11.

But is Daddy still with the family?

Yes, the US is, for now, based on the 1949 assumptions that Nato plays a critical role in the transatlantic region's peace and security

and is advantageous to US security interests.

Nato did serve American interests in Europe, especially during the Cold War.

However, the situation in Europe has changed, particularly after Russia invaded Ukraine. Joe Biden dragged the US and Nato, which was more than willing, into a war in support of a country that is not even an alliance member.

With Trump back in the White House and berating Europe, threatening to shatter the decades-old transatlantic alliance and brazenly siding with Russia, Nato is losing its relevance for the US, at least, till 2028. Contributions by US and Nato Allies - As Nato's 12 founding members inked the pact in Washington, DC on April 4, 1949, then-US President Harry S Truman said, "On this historic occasion ... we are about to do here is a neighbourly act. We are like a group of householders living in the same locality who decide to express their community of interests by entering into a formal association for their mutual self-protection."

Mutual self-protection means equal contribution. If Nato's founding was a "neighbourly act" with members entering "into a formal association for their mutual self-protection", every member should contribute equally to maintain the alliance.

However, several Nato members didn't allocate the mandatory two per cent of their GDP to defence for years.

According to Nato's principle of common funding, defence ministers agreed in 2006 to commit a minimum of two per cent of their GDP to defence spending to "continue to ensure the alliance's military readiness". The bloc agreed that members meeting the guideline should continue and allies spending below the target to halt any decline and move towards the guideline within a decade.

Following Russia's annexation of Crimea in 2014, Nato signed the Defence Investment Pledge in the same year, calling for members to meet the two per cent guideline. Subsequently,



they agreed to reach the goal by 2024 at the Nato summit in Wales in 2014. For decades, the US has borne the largest expenditure.

Nato's yearly budget and programmes total around \$4.1 billion. There's a cost-sharing formula to pay for civilian staff and administrative costs of Nato headquarters; joint operations, strategic commands, radar and early warning systems, training and liaison; and defence communications systems, airfields, harbours and fuel supplies. The cost-sharing is based on national income. The US and Germany are the biggest contributors at around 16 per cent and the UK at 11 per cent. Earlier, the US paid more than 22 per cent of these running costs. Later, a formula was agreed upon in 2019 after the first Trump administration complained about the unfair burden the US had to bear in supporting the alliance. Moreover, the US has the largest number of troops, 85,000, based throughout Europe with Germany hosting the largest number of American forces, followed by Italy and the UK.

In the past 76 years, the US contributed around \$22 trillion to Nato's defence budget—which is much more than its 31 allies—according to its annual Defence Expenditure of Nato Countries report. America contributed around 16 per cent to Nato's annual budget in 2023. The US financed 15.8 per cent (\$567 million) of Nato's yearly expenditure of around \$3.5 billion, according to a NATO breakdown for 2024. Trump, with his America First policy, has been targeting Nato since his first term over unequal contributions. Initially, he demanded that Nato allies spend, at least, two per cent of their GDP on defence. In July 2018, Trump asked Nato members in Brussels to increase their defence spending to four per cent.

After Russia invaded Ukraine in February 2022, most allies committed to investing more in defence. Despite Nato members committing in 2023 to stick to the two per cent guideline, only 11 members met the target that year, per Nato estimates. In 2024, Nato spent \$1.47 trillion—however, only

spent more than two per cent, Poland was No. 1 at 4.12 per cent, followed by Estonia (3.43 per cent), the US (3.38 per cent), Latvia (3.15 per cent) and Greece (3.08 per cent). Trump was right to demand that allies spend, at least, two per cent. For example, if Spain is attacked, the US will bear the highest cost militarily in protecting a country that spends only 1.28 per cent of its GDP on defence. Finally, Trump pressured Nato allies at the June summit to commit to spending five per cent over the next 10 years—3.5 per cent of GDP on procurement, paying personnel and operation costs and 1.5 per cent on Ukraine aid, cyber security and transport infrastructure refurbishment. However, the time period to meet the five

per cent target is too long—like the earlier two per cent target set in 2014. According to Nato, only three members will meet the 3.5 per cent target this year—Poland, Lithuania and Latvia, which share borders with Russia or Belarus. Trump isn't the only US president to object to unequal contributions by Nato allies. At a news conference in Belgium in 2014, Barack Obama said, "If we've got collective defence, it means that everybody has got to chip in." In a 2016 speech in Germany, he said, "Every Nato member should be contributing its full share—two per cent of GDP—towards our common security, something that doesn't always happen. And I'll be honest. Sometimes, Europe has been complacent about its own defence."

PHYSICAL POSSESSION NOTICE				
ICICI Home Finance		Registered office: ICICI Bank Towers, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai- 400051		
Corporate Office: ICICI HFC Tower, JB Nagar, Andheri Kurla Road, Andheri East, Mumbai- 400059				
Branch Office: Office No. 201, 2nd Floor, Plot No. 8/B, Gijubhai Badhka Marg, Opp. Dakshinamurti School, Wagahwadi Road, Bhavnagar- 364002				
Branch Office: Unit No. 03, 1st Floor, Shanti Complex, Plot No. P-50/1, G.I.D.C. B/H, 21st Century Hospital, Vapi- 396195				
Branch Office: 3rd Floor, 301, Nakshatra-3, 150 Fit Ring Road, Near Raoya Telephone Exchange, Rajkot- 360007				
Whereas				
The undersigned being the Authorized Officer of ICICI Home Finance Company Limited under the Securitisation, Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 and in exercise of the powers conferred under section 13 (12) read with Rule 3 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) rules 2002, issued demand notices upon the borrowers mentioned below, to repay the amount mentioned in the notice within 60 days from the date of receipt of the said notice.				
As the borrower failed to repay the amount, notice is hereby given to the borrower and the public in general that the undersigned has taken possession of the property described herein below in exercise of powers conferred on him/her under Section 13(4) of the said Act read with Rule 8 of the said rules on the below-mentioned dates. The borrower in particular and the public in general is hereby cautioned not to deal with the property and any dealings with the property will be subject to the charge of ICICI Home Finance Company Limited.				
The Borrower's attention is invited to provisions of sub-section (8) of section 13 of the Act, in respect of time available, to redeem the secured assets.				
Sr. No.	Name of the Borrower/ Co-Borrower/ Loan Account Number	Description of property/ Date of Possession	Date of Demand Notice/ Amount in Demand Notice (Rs.)	Name of Branch
1.	Vala Vijaybhai Bachubhai (Borrower), Vala Rashmiben Vijaybhai (Co-Borrower), LHVB/R00001361157.	501 Flat No. 501 Anjani Enclave Near Kabir Ashram Bhavnagar Bhavnagar 471 4 Bhavnagar- 364002. Bounded By- North: Stair Lift And Flat No.504, South: Flat No.502, East: Margin Space, West: Passage Flat No. 501 Terrace./ Date of Possession- 27-Dec-25	16-02-2023 Rs. 5,01,973/-	Bhav-nagar
2.	Lalan Daroga Yadav (Borrower), Gayanti Lalan Yadav (Co-Borrower), LHVPI00001479597.	Flat No. A 301 3rd Floor Building A Shubham Punatpada Sanjan Umbergaon- 396150 62 1 A 1 Vapi Gujarat- 396191 (Ref. Lan No. LHVPI00001479597). Bounded By- North: Passage And Stairs Lift, South: Open Space, East: Open Space, West: Flat No. A/302./ Date of Possession- 27-Dec-25	19-12-2023 Rs. 12,87,988/-	Vapi
3.	Lalan Daroga Yadav (Borrower), Gayanti Lalan Yadav (Co-Borrower), LHVPI00001479604.	Flat No. A 301 3rd Floor Building A Shubham Punatpada Sanjan Umbergaon- 396150 62 1 A 1 Vapi Gujarat- 396191 (Ref. Lan No. LHVPI00001479604). Bounded By- North: Passage And Stairs Lift, South: Open Space, East: Open Space, West: Flat No. A/302./ Date of Possession- 27-Dec-25	19-12-2023 Rs. 69,124/-	Vapi
4.	Solanki Rayshangbhai Jilubhai (Borrower), Solanki Manishaben Rayshangbhai (Co-Borrower), Solanki Dhirubhai Jilubhai (Co-Borrower), LHBRV00001528748	All The Piece And Parcel of The And Right And Title Interested of Immovable Property Being Shop No. 49 To 54 Area Admeasuring 41.64 Sq. Mtrs, On Ground Floor of Situated At Panchvati Shopping Center Known As Bhaivra Pav, Ward No. 01, City Survey No. 7923/1, Situated At Village Palitana, Dist Bhavnagar Bounded By- East: Other Shop, West: Complex Passage, North: Shop No. 130, South: Shop No. 140./ Date of Possession- 27-Dec-25	17-06-2025 Rs. 20,53,988.26/-	Bhav-nagar
5.	Zala Sukhdevsinh Bhagvatsinh (Borrower), Zala Ilaba Sukhdevsinh (Co-Borrower), LHRA/J00001521573	All The Piece And Parcel of The Residential Property Situated At House No. 28 And Land Admeasuring of 62.185 Sq. Mtrs. At Revenue Survey No. 607 Paiki 4, Revenue Survey No. 607 Paiki 2 Paiki 1 Nad Revenue Survey No. 607 Paiki 3 In TP Scheme No. 23, of The Original Section No. 29 of The Final Section No. 29 Paiki 1 Uncultivated Land For Residential Purposes With Permission To Construct A Building, Out of The Plots of Land, Sub-Plot No. 24 To 42/7 Open Land of Sq.mtr. 124-37, Sub- Plot No. 24 To 42/8 Open Land of Sq. Mtrs. 124-37 And The Full Open Land Sq. Mtrs 373-11 of All Three Open Plots At Taluka Rajkot, City Rajkot And District Rajkot. Bounded By- East: 7.5 Meter Road, West: House On Plot No.43 To 61 Paiki, North: House On Sub Plot No.24 To 42 9 Paiki, South: House On The Sub Plot No.24 To 42/7 Paiki./ Date of Possession- 28-Dec-25	17-06-2025 Rs. 31,60,082.49/-	Rajkot
6.	Zala Sukhdevsinh Bhagvatsinh (Borrower), Zala Ilaba Sukhdevsinh (Co-Borrower), LHRA/J00001521577	All The Piece And Parcel of The Residential Property Situated At House No. 28 And Land Admeasuring of 62.185 Sq. Mtrs. At Revenue Survey No. 607 Paiki 4, Revenue Survey No. 607 Paiki 2 Paiki 1 Nad Revenue Survey No. 607 Paiki 3 In TP Scheme No. 23, of The Original Section No. 29 of The Final Section No. 29 Paiki 1 Uncultivated Land For Residential Purposes With Permission To Construct A Building, Out of The Plots of Land, Sub-Plot No. 24 To 42/7 Open Land of Sq.mtr. 124-37, Sub- Plot No. 24 To 42/8 Open Land of Sq. Mtrs. 124-37 and The Full Open Land Sq. Mtrs 373-11 of All Three Open Plots At Taluka Rajkot, City Rajkot And District Rajkot. Bounded By- East: 7.5 Meter Road, West: House On Plot No.43 To 61 Paiki, North: House On Sub Plot No.24 To 42 9 Paiki, South: House On The Sub Plot No.24 To 42/7 Paiki./ Date of Possession- 28-Dec-25	17-06-2025 Rs. 1,18,372/-	Rajkot
The above-mentioned borrowers(s)/ guarantors(s) are hereby given a 30 day notice to repay the amount, else the mortgaged properties will be sold on the expiry of 30 days from the date of publication of this Notice, as per the provisions under the Rules 8 and 9 of Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules 2002.				
Date : January 01, 2026, Place: Bhavnagar, Vapi, Rajkot			Authorized Officer, ICICI Home Finance Company Limited	

		TRUHOME FINANCE LIMITED (Formerly Shriram Housing Finance India Ltd.)		
Head Office: Level -3, Wockhardt Towers, East Wing C-2, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051; Tel: 1800 102 4345 ; Website: http://www.truhomefinance.in				
Reg.Off.: Srinivasa Tower, 1st Floor, Door No.5, Old No.11, 2nd Lane, Cenatoph Road, Alwarpet, Teynampet, Chennai-600018				
PRIVATE TREATY SALE NOTICE FOR SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY				
A Sale Notice is given for Sale of Immovable Asset through Private Treaty under the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 read with proviso to Rule 8 & 9 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules, 2002 (54 of 2002). Notice is hereby given to the public in general and in particular to the Borrower/s and Guarantor/s that the below described immovable properties mortgaged/ charged to The Truhome Finance Limited(Earlier known as Shriram Housing Finance Limited), The Physical possession of which have been taken by the Authorized Officer of The Truhome Finance Limited(Earlier known as Shriram Housing Finance Limited). Earlier company had issued the sale notice on 04.11.2025 and thereby fixed the e-auction of subject property in question on 21.11.2025. However, the said auction scheduled on 21.11.2025 remained failed due to want of bid. Now person have shown interest in purchasing the schedule mortgaged property. As the schedule mortgaged property could not be sold through e-auction earlier, The Truhome Finance Limited has decided to mortgage property will be sold through Private Treaty on "As is where is", "As is what is" and "Whatever there is" basis for recovery of balance outstanding amount due to The Truhome Finance Limited(Earlier known as Shriram Housing Finance Limited), from the Borrowers And Guarantors, as mentioned in the table. The notice is being given to the Borrower/s, Guarantor/s and Mortgagor (s) that the aforesaid secured asset shall be sold after 15 days's for the Borrders of the notice on such terms and conditions as mutually agreed between The Truhome Finance Limited and intended purchase.				
Name of Borrowers/ Co-Borrowers/ Guarantors/Mortgagers		Amount of Recovery and date of Demand Notice	Reserve Price (Rs.) & EMD Amount	Contact Person Details – (AO and Disposal team)
1. Chavda Sagarbhai Ramjibhai ...Applicant/Borrower 2. Chavda Gauriben Ramjibhai, ... Co-Borrower/Guarantor Address :-L.Tile Ceramic, Colony No.1, Room No.29, Pipili-Jetpar Road, Rangpar, Morbi-363642 Also :-Chavda Sagarbhai Ramjibhai Property Address :-Plot No.1, Prabhu Nagar, Near Gayatri Nagar, Near Bapa Sitaram Madhuli, Off.Vavdi Road, Morbi-363641 Also :-Chavda Sagarbhai Ramjibhai Permanent Add :- 27, Ganjivada, Street No.29,vBhavnagar Road, Rajkot-363003 Lan. SHLHRAJK0000871		13(2) Notice date 11.12.2023 Rs.17,22,383/- (Rupees Seventeen Lakh Twenty Two Thousand Three Hundred Eighty Three Only) as on 06/12/2023 under reference of Loan Account No. SHLHRAJK0000871	Reserve Price.Rs.5,00,000/- (Rupees Five lakh only) EMD Amount:- Rs.50,000/- (Rs. Fifty thousand only) Date of Property shall be sold to the proposed purchaser by Private Treaty Date. 19.01.2026	Ashfaq Patka 9819415477 Dharmendrasinh Chauhan- 76007 62777
Date of Possession & Type		09.04.2024 & Physical Possession		
Encumbrances known		Not known		
Description of Property				
All the Pieces and Parcels Situated Dist: Morbi at Morbi Taluka Village Vajepar Revenue Survey No. 10, N.A. Plot No. 1 Paiky Land admeasuring 62-92 Sq.mtr. in Built Block with Ground Floor Built up area 48-33 Sq.mtr., Its N.A. is known as "Prabhunagar" of Dist. Morbi. Pin Code No. 363641. The said Property is bounded as under:- Boundaries of the property :- North :- This Plot Paiky Land. South :- Shops. East :- N.A. Road. West :- Land of Plot No. 6.				
1) For detailed terms and conditions of the sale, please refer the website of Truhome Finance Limited (Formerly Shriram Housing Finance Limited) website. 2) The borrower's attention is invited to the provisions of sub- section (8) of section 13 of the Act, in respect of time available, to redeem the secured assets. 3) The intending bidders have to submit amount to be deposited by way of RTGS/NEFT to the account details mentioned herein below: BANK NAME: AXIS BANK LIMITED BRANCH: BANDRA KURLA COMPLEX, MUMBAI BANK ACCOUNT NO. Current Account No. 911020045677633 IFSC CODE: UTIB0000230. Note: The sale notice dated 27.12.2025 issued earlier stands withdrawn.				
Place : Morbi Date : 01-01-2026		Sd/- Authorised Officer- Truhome Finance Limited (Formerly Shriram Housing Finance Limited)		

WESTERN RAILWAY-VADODARA DIVISION

CORRIGENDUM

Tender Notice No. EL-TRD-Tender-25-26-25 (Open Tender)

Closing date: 20/01/2026 at 15-00 hrs.Tender Notice No. EL-TRD-Tender-25-26-25 for the work of "Provision of Anti-Bird disc on insulators in electrified territory of Vadodara Division".

New Documents attached on IREPS website:

Code	Field Name	Existing Value	Modified Value
Schedule-01	Schedule Description	Supply & erection of 400mm X350MM dia anti bird disc made of acrylic sheet with thickness of 8 mm for stay, bracket and 9 Ton porcelain/composite insulators	Supply & erection of 400 mm x 350 mm dia anti bird disc made of Polycarbonate material as per SMI: TI/M/0059-Rev.03 for stay, bracket and 9 Ton porcelain / composite insulators
Schedule-01 Item 01	Item Description	The price shall cover supply and erection of anti-bird disc for stay, bracket and 9 Ton insulator for prevention of bird fault as per SMI: TI/M/0059 with latest correction slip. This activity is required to be done in Power Block	The price shall cover supply and erection of anti-bird disc for stay, bracket and 9 Ton insulator for prevention of bird fault as per SMI: TI/M/0059-Rev.03 (Attached in attached document section). This activity is required to be done in Power Block

BRC 301

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